

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF
KALPATARU METFAB PVT. LTD

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of KALPATARU METFAB PVT. LTD ('the Company'), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2018, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), cash flows Statement and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March, 2018 and its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) the balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss ,the cash flows statement and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) in our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.

- (e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in “Annexure B”; and
- (g) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us we report as under with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
 - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigation which would impact its financial position.
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts; for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - (iii) There has not been an occasion in case of the Company during the year under report to transfer any sums to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. The question of delay in transferring such sums does not arise.

FOR, KISHAN M. MEHTA & CO.
Chartered Accountants.
Firm’s Registration No.105229W

AHMEDABAD.
DATE D :19th May, 2018.

(K.M. MEHTA)
Partner.
M.No.13707

**ANNEXURE - A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE IND AS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Referred to in paragraph 1 of our report of even date)

- (i) a) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;
- b) As explained to us, the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in reasonable interval and no discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
- c) The title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- (ii) The nature of Company's activities during the year has been such that clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of the Company's (Auditor's Report) order, 2016 are not applicable to the company for the year.
- (iii) The company has not granted any loan, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act.
- (iv) According to information and explanations given to us , the company has not made investment or given loans or guarantees or provided any security pursuant to section 185 and 186 of the Act.
- (v) The company has not accepted any deposits during the year from public within the meaning of the provisions of Section 73 to 76 of the Act and rules made thereunder.
- (vi) The provisions of sub section (1) of section 148 of the companies Act, 2013 regarding maintenance of cost record is not applicable to the company.
- (vii) a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, the company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities the undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess, Goods and Services tax and any other statutory dues applicable to it and there are no such undisputed amount payable which are in arrears as at March 31, 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the company examined by us, there are no dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, and Goods and Services tax which have not been deposited on account of any disputes.

- (viii) As company has not taken any loan or borrowing from financial institution , bank, government or debenture holder, clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Company's (Auditor's Report) order, 2016 is not applicable to the company.
- (ix) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year.
- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statement and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud on or by the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) As company has not paid or provided managerial remuneration during the year, clause (xi) of paragraph 3 of the Company's (Auditor's Report) order, 2016 is not applicable to the company.
- (xii) As the company is not a Nidhi Company, clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Company's (Auditor's Report) order, 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private `placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review.
- (xv) As the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him, clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the Company's (Auditor's Report) order, 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) According to information and explanation to us the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

KISHAN M. MEHTA & CO.
Chartered Accountants.
Firm's Registration No.105229W

AHMEDABAD.
DATE D : 19th May, 2018.

(K.M. MEHTA)
Partner.
M. No.13707

ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KALPATARU METFAB PVT. LTD ("the Company") as of 31 March 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

KISHAN M. MEHTA & CO.
Chartered Accountants.
Firm's Registration No.105229W

PLACE : AHMEDABAD
DATED : 19th May, 2018.

(K.M. MEHTA)
Partner.
M.No. 13707

KALPTARU METFAB PVT. LTD.
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2018

		(Rs. In Lakhs)	
	Note	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipments	5	1,677.38	1,549.08
(b) Capital work in progress		1.84	104.91
(c) Other Financial Assets	6	0.58	0.58
(d) Other non current assets	7	370.00	300.00
		2,049.80	1,954.57
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	8	0.62	-
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	9 (i)	2.57	31.53
(ii) Other Bank Balances	9 (ii)	168.32	269.87
(c) Other current assets	10	9.61	1.80
(d) Current Tax Assets (Net)		1.96	0.13
		183.08	303.33
TOTAL ASSETS		2,232.88	2,257.90
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	11	3,001.00	3,001.00
(b) Other Equity	12	(773.13)	(765.72)
		2,227.87	2,235.28
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Trade Payables		2.53	1.41
(ii) Creditors for capital expenditure		2.31	20.18
(b) Other Current Liabilities	13	0.17	1.03
		5.01	22.62
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,232.88	2,257.90

Notes to Financial Statements 1 to 22

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our report attached.
For **KISHAN M. MEHTA & CO.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 105229W

Jagdish Modi
CFO

Kamal Kishore Jain
Director
(DIN : 00269810)

Kishan M. Mehta
Partner
(M.No:-013707)
Place : Ahmedabad
Date : 19th May,2018

Yash Mehta
Company Secretary
Place : Gandhinagar
Date : 18th May,2018

Dinesh B. Patel
Director
(DIN : 03443006)

KALPTARU METFAB PVT. LTD.**Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2018**

		(Rs. In Lakhs)	
	Notes	2017-18	2016-17
Revenue			
Other Income	14	14.69	20.95
Total		14.69	20.95
Expenditure:			
Cost of Materials Consumed		0.48	-
Decrease / (Increase) in Closing Stock		(0.62)	-
Employee Benefits Expense		11.95	12.53
Depreciation	5	1.76	-
Other Expenses	15	8.60	2.19
Total		22.17	14.72
Profit/ (Loss) before tax		(7.48)	6.23
Tax Expense :-			
Current Tax		-	1.97
Excess provision of earlier year written back		(0.07)	
Net Profit/ (Loss) for the period after tax		(7.41)	4.26
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to Profit or Loss		-	-
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to Profit or Loss		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		(7.41)	4.26
Earnings per Equity Share			
(1) Basic		(0.02)	0.01
(2) Diluted		(0.02)	0.01

Notes to Financial Statements 1 to 22

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our report attached.
For **KISHAN M. MEHTA & CO.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 105229W

Jagdish Modi
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Yash Mehta
Company Secretary

Dinesh B. Patel
Director
(DIN : 03443006)

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : 19th May,2018

Place : Gandhinagar
Date : 18th May,2018

KALPATARU METFAB PVT. LTD.**Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2018****A : Equity Share Capital**

	(Rs. in Lakhs)
	Amount
Balance as on 1st April, 2016	3,001.00
Changes in equity share capital during financial year 2016-17	-
Balance as on 31st March, 2017	3,001.00
Changes in equity share capital during financial year 2017-18	-
Balance as on 31st March, 2018	3,001.00

B : Other Equity

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance as on 1st April, 2016	(769.98)	-	(769.98)
Profit/(Loss) for Year 2016-17	4.26	-	4.26
Balance as on 31st March, 2017	(765.72)	-	(765.72)
Profit/(Loss) for Year 2017-18	(7.41)	-	(7.41)
Balance as on 31st March, 2018	(773.13)	-	(773.13)

As per our report attached.

For **KISHAN M. MEHTA & CO.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 105229W

For and on behalf of the Board

Kishan M. Mehta

Partner

(M.No:-013707)

Jagdish Modi

CFO

Kamal Kishore Jain

Director

(DIN : 00269810)

Yash Mehta

Company Secretary

Dinesh B. Patel

Director

(DIN : 03443006)

Place : Ahmedabad

Date :19th May,2018

Place : Gandhinagar

Date : 18th May,2018

KALPATARU METFAB PVT. LTD.

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2018

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	2017-18	2016-17
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Profit before Tax	(7.48)	6.23
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation	1.76	-
Interest Income	(14.69)	(20.95)
OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES	(20.41)	(14.72)
Adjustment for:		
Trade and Other Receivables	(7.81)	(1.07)
Inventories	(0.62)	-
Trade Payables	(17.61)	(0.68)
CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	(46.45)	(16.47)
Income Tax Paid	(1.76)	(2.99)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	(48.21)	(19.46)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of Fixed Assets/Capital Work In progress	(26.99)	(66.93)
Advance for Capital Expenditure	(70.00)	-
Proceeds from fixed deposit with bank	101.55	11.78
Interest received	14.69	17.08
CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	19.25	(38.07)
C. NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (A) + (B)	(28.96)	(57.53)
D. Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	31.53	89.06
E. Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.57	31.53
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalent at the end of the year comprises		
(a) Cash on Hand	0.01	0.01
(b) Balances with Bank		
(i) in current accounts	2.56	6.44
(ii) In deposit accounts	-	25.08
Cash and Cash Equivalent as per Cash Flow Statement	2.57	31.53

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our report attached.

For **KISHAN M. MEHTA & CO.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 105229W

Jagdish Modi

CFO

Kamal Kishore Jain

Director

(DIN : 00269810)

Kishan M. Mehta

Partner

(M.No:-013707)

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 19th May,2018

Yash Mehta

Company Secretary

Place : Gandhinagar

Date : 18th May,2018

Dinesh B. Patel

Director

(DIN : 03443006)

KALPATARU METFAB PVT. LTD.**Notes on Financial Statement for the Year ended 31st March, 2018****5 Property, Plant and Equipments as on 31st March 2018**

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particular	Gross Block			Accumulated Depreciation			Net Block	
	As at 1st April, 2017	Additions	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April, 2017	For the period	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017
Free Hold Land	1,549.08	-	1,549.08	-	-	-	1,549.08	1,549.08
Building	-	122.72	122.72	-	1.29	1.29	121.43	-
Plant and Machinery	-	6.96	6.96	-	0.44	0.44	6.52	-
Computer	-	0.38	0.38	-	0.03	0.03	0.35	-
Total	1,549.08	130.06	1,679.14	-	1.76	1.76	1,677.38	1,549.08

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

KalpataruMetfab Pvt. Limited (referred to as “the Company”) (formerly known as GestampKalpataru Solar Steel Structures Pvt. Ltd) is a privatelimited company incorporated and domiciled in India having its registered office at 101, Part III, GIDC, Sector 28, Gandhinagar 382028.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, in accordance with Ind AS 109, as explained in accounting policies below.

3. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balance of assets and liabilities, disclosers relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of income and expense for the period. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revision of accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future period affected.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Revenue Recognition

Sale of goods is recognised, on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer, which generally coincides with the delivery of goods to customers. Sales exclude Goods and Service Tax (GST) wherever separately charged to the customers.

B. Property, Plant and equipment & Intangible assets

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost of acquisition/construction/installation net of recoverable taxes less accumulated depreciation / amortization and impairment loss, if any. All costs, including finance costs and adjustment arising from exchange rate variations attributable to fixed assets till assets are put to use, are capitalized.

Depreciation on all depreciable property, plant and equipment is provided on Straight Line Method based on the useful life as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 on pro-rata basis. However depreciation on Plant and Machinery is charged higher considering the useful of 5 years.

C. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. All other borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

D. Current and Non-Current classification

Assets and liabilities are classified as current if it is expected to realise or settle within 12 months after the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

E. Inventories

Inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is computed on weighted average basis.

F. Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current income tax

Tax on income for the current period is determined on the basis of estimated taxable income and tax credit computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred income tax

Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. Deferred tax is recognised on temporary difference between the carrying amount of assets or liability and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

G. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Classification:

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial asset.

All financial liabilities are classified as subsequently measured at amortised cost except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives, are subsequently measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss.

Financial instruments are classified as a liability or equity according to the substance of the contractual arrangement and not its legal form.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of issue costs.

(ii) Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial asset and liabilities at fair value through profit & loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of the financial assets or financial liabilities.

(iii) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method, if:

- (a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

(iv) Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flow and selling asset financial asset and the contractual terms of financial asset give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payment of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

(v) Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. Financial assets under this category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value with all changes recognised in profit or loss.

(vi) Financial Liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost except financial liabilities held for trading and derivatives at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on measurement recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(vii) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and/or receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified, such exchange or modification is accounted as derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

H. Fair Value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

I. Impairment

a) Financial asset

Company applies as per Ind AS 109 expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset.

b) Non-Financial asset

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and impairment is recognized, if the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less cost of disposal and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. When there is indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

J. Provisions and Contingent Asset / Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when there is present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that company will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources but if the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements when economic inflow is probable.

KALPTARU METFAB PVT. LTD.

Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March ,2018

(Rs. In Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017
6 Other Financial Assets		
Security Deposits	0.58	0.58
	0.58	0.58
7 Other Non Current Assets		
Capital Advances	370.00	300.00
	370.00	300.00
8 Inventories		
Semi Finished Goods	0.29	-
Scrap	0.33	-
	0.62	-
9 (i) Cash and Cash Equivalent		
Cash & Bank Balances		
a. Cash on hand	0.01	0.01
b. Balance with bank		
In Current Account	2.56	6.44
In Fixed Deposit Accounts	-	25.08
Total	2.57	31.53
(ii) Other Bank Balances		
Deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months	168.32	269.87
Total	168.32	269.87
10 Other Current Assets		
VAT Receivable	1.15	1.16
GST Receivable	2.71	-
TDS Receivable	0.64	0.64
Accrued Income	5.11	-
Total	9.61	1.80
11 Equity Share Capital		
Authorised		
4,20,00,000 (4,20,00,000) Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	4,200.00	4,200.00
Total	4,200.00	4,200.00
Issued Subscribed & Paid up		
3,00,10,000 (3,00,10,000) fully paid up Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	3,001.00	3,001.00
Total	3,001.00	3,001.00

A Reconciliation of Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2018		As at 31st March, 2017	
	Equity Shares		Equity Shares	
	Number	Rs in Lakhs	Number	Rs in Lakhs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	30,010,000	3,001.00	30,010,000	3,001.00
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	30,010,000	3,001.00	30,010,000	3,001.00

B Shares held by Holding Company and its subsidiaries/associates

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2018		As at 31st March, 2017	
	Relationship	No of shares held	Relationship	No of shares held
	Kalpataru Power Transmission Ltd & its nominees ¹	Holding Company	30,010,000	Holding Company

C Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2018		As at 31st March, 2017	
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
	Kalpataru Power Transmission Ltd. & its nominees ¹	30,010,000	100%	30,010,000

KALPTARU METFAB PVT. LTD.

Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March ,2018

- D Each holder of equity shares of face value of Rs. 10 each is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend is declared and paid on being proposed by Board of Directors after the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of the liquidation of the company the holders of Equity Shares will be entitled to remaining assets after payment or distribution of all liabilities. The distribution to Equity share holders will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the Equity Shareholders.

		<u>As at 31st</u> <u>March, 2018</u>		<u>As at 31st</u> <u>March, 2017</u>
12	Other Equity			
	Statement of Profit & Loss			
	As per Last Balance Sheet	(765.72)		(769.98)
	Profit/(Loss) for the year	(7.41)	4.26	(765.72)
	Total	<u>(773.13)</u>		<u>(765.72)</u>
13	Other Current Liabilities			
	Statutory Liabilities	0.17		1.03
	Total	<u>0.17</u>		<u>1.03</u>
		<u>2017-18</u>		<u>2016-17</u>
14	Other Income			
	Interest on deposit with banks	14.69		20.95
	Total	<u>14.69</u>		<u>20.95</u>
15	Other Expenses			
	Legal and Professional Expenses	0.20		0.51
	Job Work Charges	1.48		-
	Electricity Expenses	0.52		-
	Repairs and Maintenance	0.10		-
	Rent	0.12		0.14
	Taxes and Duties	0.02		-
	Sitting fees to non executive directors	0.90		0.86
	Security Expenses	4.65		-
	Interest on income tax	-		0.13
	Auditor's Remuneration			
	Audit Fees	0.20	0.23	
	Other Services	0.30	0.17	0.40
	Miscellaneous Expenses	0.11		0.15
	Total	<u>8.60</u>		<u>2.19</u>

KALPTARU METFAB PVT. LTD.

Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March ,2018

16 Related Party disclosures as required by Ind AS -24 is as below :**A List of related persons**

(a) Holding Company

Kalpataru Power Transmission Ltd. (KPTL)

(b) Fellow Subsidiary

Shree Shubham Logistics Limited (SSLL)

(c) Key management Personnel

(i) Mr. Kamal Kishore Jain

Director

(ii) Mr. Dinesh Babulal Patel

Director

(iii) Mr. Mehul Mehta

Chief Executive Officer (Upto 15.05.2017)

(iv) Mr. Prakash Pancholi

Chief Executive Officer (w.e.f. 15.11.2017)

B The following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business :

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Name of related party	Relationship	Transaction during the year	
				2017-18	2016-17
	Related party Transaction				
1	Rent Paid	KPTL	Holding Company	0.12	0.14
2	Advance against Capital Expenditure	SSLL	Fellow Subsidiaries	70.00	-
3	Purchase of Fixed Assets	KPTL	Holding Company	6.96	-
4	Purchase of Raw Materials	KPTL	Holding Company	0.48	-
	Key Management Personnel				
1	Remuneration to Key Management Personnel	Mr. Kishoremal Chhajer	Chief Executive Officer	-	9.30
		Mr. Mehul Mehta	Chief Executive Officer	1.35	4.39
		Mr. Prakash Pancholi	Chief Executive Officer	1.85	-

C Balances with related parties

Sr. No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017
1	Advance against Capital Expenditure	370.00	300.00

17 Financial instruments classification and risk management

(a) Break up of financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017
(i) Financial Assets		
Security Deposits	0.58	0.58
Cash and cash equivalents	2.57	31.53
Other Bank Balances	168.32	269.87
(ii) Financial Liabilities		
Trade Payables	4.84	21.59

(b) None of the financial assets and liabilities have been designated as FVTPL or FVTOCI.

KALPTARU METFAB PVT. LTD.**Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March ,2018**

(c) The Company's financial assets mainly consists of Cash and Cash Equivalents and there are no borrowing as on date. Therefore, not exposed to any material financial risks viz: market risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Company does not have any foreign currency transactions and therefore, not exposed to foreign exchange related risks.

18 The estimated amount of the contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for are of Rs. 65 Lakhs (previous year Rs. 161.45 Lakhs)

19 In the opinion of the Management, the assets other than fixed assets have approximately the same realizable value in ordinary course of business at which they are stated in these Financial Statements.

20 The name of the company changed from Gestamp Kalpataru Solar Steel Structures Pvt. Ltd. to Kalpataru Metfab Private Limited vide fresh certificate of Incorporation dated 29th January,2016 issued by The Registrar of Companies, Gujarat, Dadra and Nagar Havelli.

21 Based on the information received during the year and available with the company, there are no Enterprises covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. This has been relied upon by the auditors. Credit balance of such enterprises as on 31st March, 2018 is Rs. NIL (previous year Rs. Nil).

22 Previous year's figures have been regrouped and/ or rearrange wherever considered necessary.

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our report attached.

For **KISHAN M. MEHTA & CO.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 105229W

Jagdish Modi
CFO

Kamal Kishore Jain
Director
(DIN : 00269810)

Kishan M. Mehta
Partner
(M.No:-013707)

Yash Mehta
Company Secretary

Dinesh B. Patel
Director
(DIN : 03443006)

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : 19th May,2018

Place : Gandhinagar
Date : 18th May,2018